

A

PATENT
1351.00011

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:)
Jung S. MOON ET AL.) COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER
Serial No. (unassigned))
Filed (herewith))

TRANSMITTAL LETTER

BOX - PATENT APPLICATION
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed herewith for filing under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.53(b) is a patent application, including:

- 1) A specification, claims and abstract for the patent application of Jung S. Moon, Rong Liu and Alan R. Kelley, entitled COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER;
- 2) A check in the amount of \$536.00 to cover the filing fee;
- 3) Seven sheets of informal drawings;

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0929040000044299

- 4) Computation sheet form PTO-1082;
- 5) Declaration and Power of Attorney for Jung S. Moon, Rong Liu and Alan R. Kelley (signed);
- 6) Declaration Claiming Small Entity Status (37 CFR 1.9 (f) and 1.27(c)) -- Small Business Concern (signed); and
- 7) Certificate of Mailing by "Express Mail" No. EM114097188US.

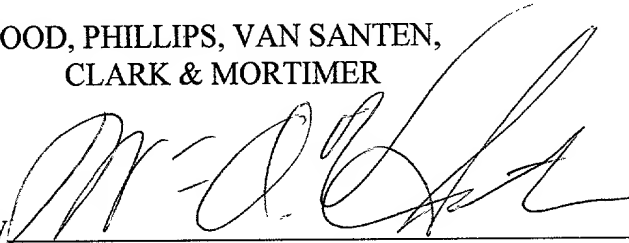
Any additional costs incurred with regard to this matter should be charged to our Deposit Account No. 23-0785.

The filing date based on the filing of these papers under 37 CFR Section 1.10(a) is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

WOOD, PHILLIPS, VAN SANTEN,
CLARK & MORTIMER

By:



Wm. A. VanSanten
Reg. No. 22,810

Dated: April 12, 1999

500 West Madison Street
Suite 3800
Chicago, IL 60661
(312) 876-1800

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:
Inventor: Jung S. Moon et al.
For: COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER

Enclosed are:

- ☒ 7 sheets of drawing. (Figs. 1-13)
☐ An assignment of the invention to _____ application.
☐ A certified copy of a _____ application.
☐ An associate power of attorney.
☒ A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27.
☒ Declaration and Power of Attorney

The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:

| | (Col. 1) | (Col. 2) | SMALL ENTITY | | | OTHER THAN A SMALL ENTITY | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------|----|---------------------------|--------|
| FOR: | NO. FILED | NO. EXTRA | RATE | FEE | | RATE | FEE |
| BASIC FEE | | | | \$ 380 | OR | | \$ 760 |
| TOTAL CLAIMS | 18 - 20 = | * 0 | x 9 = | 0 | OR | x 18 = | |
| INDEP. CLAIMS | 7 - 3 = | * 4 | x 39 = | \$156 | OR | x 78 = | |
| MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENTED | | | + 130 = | --- | OR | + 260 = | |
| | | | TOTAL | \$536 | OR | TOTAL | |

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- ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. _____ the amount of \$ _____. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 536.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees associated with this communication or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 23-0785. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
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- ☒ Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17.
- ☐ The issue fee set in 37 CFR 1.18 at or before mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 CFR 1.311(b).
- ☒ Any filing fees under 37 CFR 1.16 for presentation of extra claims.

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Corinne Byk

(Typed or printed name of person mailing paper or fee)

(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)

Respectfully submitted,

Wm. A. VanSanten
Reg. No. 22,810

WOOD, PHILLIPS, VANSANTEN, CLARK & MORTIMER, 500 West Madison Street, Suite 3800, Chicago, Illinois 60661-2511

Applicant or Patentee: Jung S. Moon et al. Attorney's
Serial or Patent No.: Unassigned Docket No.: 1351.00011
Filed or Issued: Herewith
For: COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER

**DECLARATION CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY
STATUS (37 CFR 1.9 (f) AND 1.27(c)) -- SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN**

I hereby declare that I am:
☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below;
☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN Hearthware Home Products, Inc.
ADDRESS OF CONCERN 602 Wheeling Road
Wheeling, Illinois 60090

I hereby declare that the above-identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention, entitled COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER by inventor(s)
described in:

☒ the specification filed herewith.
☐ Application Serial No. _____, filed _____
☐ Patent No. _____, issued _____

If the rights held by the above-identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights to the invention is listed below* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9 (c) if that person had made the invention, or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

*NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

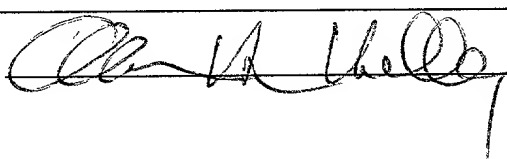
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NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
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I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING Alan R. Kelley
TITLE OF PERSON OTHER THAN OWNER Vice President - Sales & Marketing
ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING 602 Wheeling Road, Wheeling, IL 60090

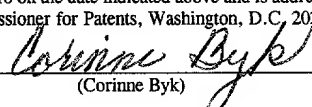
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**APPLICATION FOR
UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT
SPECIFICATION**

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(Corinne Byk)

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known that **Jung S. Moon**, a citizen of Korea, residing at 421 Foxford Drive, Buffalo Grove, in the County of Lake and State of Illinois, and **Rong Liu**, a citizen of the Peoples Republic of China, residing at 374 Inland Drive, Apt. 3A, Wheeling, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, and **Alan R. Kelley**, a citizen of the United States, residing at 421 E. Oakwood Drive, Barrington, in the County of Lake and State of Illinois, have invented a new and useful "COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER", of which the following is a specification.

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COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to electric ovens, and in particular to counter-top electric cook ovens.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Counter-top electric ovens are known in the art. In comparison to conventional ovens, counter-top electric ovens typically offer the advantage of being less bulky and having quicker cooking times. It is common for counter-top ovens to include a power head having a heating unit that is used to heat the cooking enclosure. It is also common for the interior of the cooking enclosure in such ovens to be accessed by manually lifting an upper portion of the cooking enclosure from the remainder of the cooking enclosure. To reduce the weight of counter-top electric ovens for portability and to provide a cooking enclosure that allows viewing of the cooking operation, counter-top electric ovens typically utilize plastic materials for a majority of their housings, including for the cooking enclosure. To reduce the cooking time, counter-top electric ovens typically will rely on a hot air stream that is cycloned around the food by

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5 a high speed fan associated with the electric heating element, or by utilizing an infrared heating element in combination with a relatively low speed fan that generates sufficient air circulation in the oven to ensure a relatively uniform temperature distribution in the oven. One example of a counter-top electric oven that utilizes an infrared electric heating element, a relatively low speed fan, and plastic housings, is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,404,420 issued April 4, 1995 to Eugene Song.

10 One problem associated with such ovens is the heat generated by the heating unit of the power head. This heat can potentially damage plastic components of the oven and can also potentially increase the temperature of the oven housings to a point where a user cannot comfortably access the cooking enclosure. This problem is especially of concern for the components and housing near the heating unit.

15 As seen in the Song patent, it is also known for the lower portion of the cooking enclosure of such ovens to be defined by a metallic pan having an interior surface at which the heat generated by the heating unit is directed. The metallic pan is supported and surrounded by a plastic base which prevents the heat transmitted from the metallic pan from damaging the counter-top on which the oven is resting. One problem associated with this construction is that the metallic plate can transfer sufficient heat from the heating unit to damage housing components contacting the pan, or can transfer

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sufficient heat surrounding the housing to a point where a user cannot comfortably touch the surrounding housing. Another problem associated with this construction is that it can be very difficult to remove the metallic pan from the base, especially when the metallic pan is hot.

5 Other concerns common to counter-top ovens are the assembly and disassembly of the housings to allow the insertion and removal of food for cooking, and the cleaning of the interior of the cooking enclosure and the heating components therein.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

10 It is the principal object of the invention to provide a new and improved counter-top electric oven.

 It is another object of the invention to provide a new and improved counter-top infrared electric oven.

15 It is another object of the invention to provide a counter-top electric oven that minimizes the risk of heating housing components to a point where the components can be damaged or where a user cannot comfortably handle the housings during operation or soon after operation has been terminated.

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5 An exemplary embodiment of the invention achieves at least some of the foregoing objects in a counter-top electric oven for cooking food that includes a cooking enclosure and a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure. The cooking enclosure includes an upper surface with an opening therein. The power head includes a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure through said opening, a fan chamber positioned above the cooking enclosure and the heating unit, a fan mounted in the fan chamber to create a cooling air flow through the fan chamber, a plurality of air inlets to the fan chamber to allow the cooling air flow into the fan chamber, and a cooling manifold surrounding the opening in the upper surface and facing the upper surface outside of the cooking enclosure. The cooling manifold is in fluid communication with the fan chamber and includes a plurality of air outlets arranged to direct the cooling air flow from the fan chamber toward the upper surface of the cooking enclosure to cool the upper surface.

10
15 In accordance with another aspect of the invention, a counter-top electric oven for cooking food includes a cooking enclosure, a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure, and a plastic base that supports the cooking enclosure. The cooking enclosure includes an oven housing and a metallic oven pan having interior and exterior surfaces and located beneath the oven housing. The power head includes a

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heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure. The heating unit includes an electric heating element arranged to direct heat toward the interior surface of the oven pan. The plastic base has an interior that surrounds the oven pan with an air gap and includes one or more supports for the oven pan and one or more thermal insulators between the posts and the exterior surface of the oven pan to prevent overheating of the base by the heat directed at the interior surface of the oven pan.

According to one aspect of the invention, an electric oven for cooking food includes a base, a cooking enclosure supported by the base, and a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure. The cooking enclosure is defined by an oven housing and an oven pan located beneath the oven housing. The oven pan is surrounded by an interior of the base and includes a lip defining an outer periphery of the oven pan. A pair of retractable handles are mounted to the lip for movement between a first position where the handles are extended from the lip so that a user may grasp the handles to remove the pan from the base and a second position where the handles are retracted toward the lip to allow the oven housing to be positioned above the oven pan without interfering with the handles. The power head includes a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure.

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In accordance with one aspect of the invention, a counter-top electric oven includes a cooking enclosure and a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure. The power head includes a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure. The heating unit includes a heating element for heating the cooking enclosure. The power head further includes a controller configured to selectively power the heating element between a minimum power and a maximum power and to limit the cooking time at maximum power to a predetermined period to prevent overheating of the cooking enclosure.

According to one aspect of the invention, an electric oven includes a cooking enclosure, and a power head connected to the cooking enclosure and including a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure. The heating unit includes a heater housing defining a cavity, a heating element mounted in the cavity for heating the cooking enclosure, and a protective grid mounted to the heater housing between the heating element and the cooking enclosure. The protective grid includes oppositely directed legs, with each leg slidably received in a mating aperture in the heater housing to detachably mount the protective grid to the heater housing. The heating unit further includes a fastener engaged with the heater housing for movement between a first position where the fastener engages one of the legs to restrict movement of the grid

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relative to the heater housing, and a second position where the fastener is disengaged from one of the legs to allow removal of the grid from the heater housing.

According to one aspect of the invention, an electric oven includes a base having an upwardly extending wall surrounding an interior of the base, and an oven housing having a downwardly extending wall surrounding an interior of the oven housing, and an annular lip formed on the outer surface of the downwardly extending wall of the oven housing. The annular lip is engageable with the upwardly extending wall of the base to support the oven housing on the upwardly extending wall of the base with a portion of the downwardly extending wall extending below the lip and cooperating with the upwardly extending wall of the base to restrict the leakage of hot gases from the interiors of the base and the cooking enclosure. A relief is provided on the portion of the downwardly extending wall to ease engagement of the oven housing with the base.

Other objects and advantages will become apparent from the following specification taken in connection with the accompanying drawings.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a counter-top infrared electric oven embodying the features of the invention;

Fig. 2 is an exploded view of the oven shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a somewhat diagrammatic section view of the oven shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3A is an enlarged view of the area indicated by lines 3A-3A in Fig.

3;

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of an oven pan of the oven shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 5 is an exploded view of a power head of the oven shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 6 is an enlarged view of the area indicated by lines 6-6 in Fig. 3;

Fig. 7 is a diagrammatic representation of the operating components of the oven shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 8 is a flow chart illustrating selected operational features of the oven shown in Fig. 1;

Figs. 9A-D are perspective views illustrating the mounting and the removal of a protective grid of the oven shown in Fig. 1;

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Fig. 10 is a perspective view of an optional embodiment of a base for the oven shown in Fig. 1;

Fig. 11 is an enlarged, fragmentary section view taken substantially along line 11-11 in Fig. 10;

Fig. 12 is a perspective view of another optional embodiment of a base 10 for the oven shown in Fig. 1; and

Fig. 13 is an enlarged, fragmentary section view taken substantially along line 13-13 in Fig. 12.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

An exemplary embodiment of a counter-top electric oven made according to the invention is described herein and is illustrated in the drawings in connection with an infrared counter-top oven. However, it should be understood that many features of the invention may find utility in other types of counter-top electric cooking ovens, including those using cyclonic air flow in combination with simple resistance electric heating elements. Accordingly, no limitation is intended to use in connection with an infrared heating element except insofar as expressly stated in the appended claims.

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With reference to Figs. 1 and 2, a counter-top electric oven 10 includes a base 12, an oven pan 14 supported by the base 12, a cooking rack 16 supported by the oven pan 14, a generally cylindrical, transparent oven housing 18 supported by the base 12, and a power head 20 supported on the oven housing 18 and detachably connected to the oven housing 10. Together, the oven pan and the oven housing 18 define a cooking enclosure 21 with the oven 10 is in the assembled state shown in Fig. 1.

As best seen in Figs. 2 and 3, the base 12 has an interior surface 22 defined by a generally cylindrical side wall 24 and a planar bottom 26. A pair of handles 27 extend from the cylindrical side wall 24 to allow a user to move the oven from one location to another. The interior surface 22 surrounds the oven pan 14 and is spaced from the oven pan 14 by an air gap. The base 12 further includes one or more supports 28 for the oven pan 14 and one or more thermal insulators 30 between the one or more supports 28 and the oven pan 14 to prevent overheating of the base 12 by the heat from the oven pan 14. In the preferred embodiment shown in Figs. 2 and 3, the or more supports 28 are provided in the form of three cylindrical pillars 28A, and the one or more thermal insulating spacers 30 are provided in the form of three cylindrical spacers 30A, each supported by one of the pillars 28A. As seen in the section view of the spacer 30A and pillar 28A in Fig. 3, each of the spacers 30A includes a cylindrical stub 32 that

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is engaged in a mating hole 36 in each pillar 28A to retain each of the spacers 30A to the respective pillar 28A. While it is preferred that the cross-sections of the spacers 30A and the pillars 28A be generally circular, it should be understood that the invention contemplates non-circular cross-sections, such as, for example, triangular, oval, square, rectangular, trapezoidal, hexagonal, etc. The oven pan 14 is supported on the insulators 30 to maintain the air gap between the interior surface 22 and the cooking pan 14 and to prevent overheating of the base 12, including the handles 27. Preferably, the plastic base 12 is made from a suitable polycarbonate material and the thermal insulators 30 are made from a suitable silicone rubber insulating material.

The metallic oven pan 14 includes an interior surface and an exterior surface 38 defined by a cylindrical side wall 39 and a planar bottom 40. Preferably the oven pan 14 is a one piece construction made of aluminum plate with a suitable non-stick PTFE coating on the interior surface 37. A pair of retractable handles 41 are mounted to a lip 42 that defines an outer periphery of the oven pan 14. The handles 41 are mounted to the lip 42 for movement between a first position, shown in Fig. 2, where the handles 41 are extended from the lip 42 so that a user may grasp the handles 41 to remove the pan 14 from the base 12, and a second position, shown in Fig. 4, where the handles 41 are retracted toward lip 2 to allow the oven housing 18 to be positioned

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above the oven pan 14, as shown in Fig. 3, without interfering with the handles 41. As best seen in Fig. 4, each of the handles 41 has a pair of legs 43 extending from a grasping member 44. Each of the legs 43 are received in a vertical guide hole 45 formed in the lip 42 to guide the handles 41 between the first and second positions. Each of the legs terminate in a tab 46 that engages the lip 42 with the handle 41 in the first position. Preferably, the handles are made from a unitary piece of metallic wire that is bent to form the grasping member, the legs 43, and the tabs 46.

The cooking rack 16 includes a planar grid 47 for supporting food items that are being cooked, a first set of loop projections 48 extending in one direction from the plane of the grid 47 and a second set of loop projections 49 extending in the opposite direction from the plane of the grid 47. The projections 48 can be used to support the grid to provide a first cooking height for food items supported by the grid 47, while the projections 49 can be used to support the grid 47 to provide a second cooking height for the grid 47. Preferably, the cooking rack 16 is made from 304 stainless steel with a suitable non-stick PTFE coating.

As best seen in Fig. 3, the oven housing 18 includes an interior surface 50 defined by a generally cylindrical side wall 52 that blends into a generally conical-shaped side wall 54 which in turn blends into a planar upper wall 56 which finally

-13-

blends into a generally cylindrical ring 58. An annular lip 59 is formed on the outer surface of the wall 52 and serves to support the oven housing 18 on the side wall 24 of the base 12. A portion 60 of the wall 52 that extends below the lip 59 cooperates with the side wall 24 of the base 12 to restrict the leakage of hot gases, such as steam, from the cooking enclosure 21. As best seen in Fig. 3A, the portion 60 includes an annular lead-in chamfer or relief 61 that serves to guide the portion 60 into the base 12, thereby easing the engagement of the oven housing 18 to the base 12 and preventing the mislocation of the housing 18 relative to the base 12. The relief 61 allows for the portion 60 to be inserted into the base 12 without precise vertical movement of the housing 18 relative to the base 12, i.e., the housing 18 can be inserted into the base 12 while being tilted somewhat relative to vertical. Preferably, the oven housing 18 is formed from a suitable transparent polycarbonate material.

As best seen in Figs. 3 and 5, the power head 20 includes an exterior housing assembly 62. The assembly 62 includes a domed shape upper housing 64 having a pair of handles 64, and a lower housing 66 including a cylindrical wall portion 66 and an annular flange 70. As seen in Fig. 2, four equally spaced lands 72 (only one shown) are raised from the cylindrical wall 66 to engage a plurality of ramped tabs 74 formed on the ring 58 of the housing 18 to detachably connect the power head 20 and

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the housing 18. The power head 20 further includes a motor 76 for driving a cooling fan 78 and an oven fan 80 via a common shaft 82, an infrared electric heating element 84, a heater/fan housing 86, a radiation plate 88 mounted to an interior surface of the heater housing 86, a glass fiber thermal insulator 90 mounted between the heater housing 86 and the motor 76, a mica sheet 92 mounted between the upper housing 64 and the lower housing 66, a protective grid 94, a thermistor 96, a thermostat 98, and a controller 100 including a pair of control boards 102 and 164 for controlling the heating element 84 and the motor 76 in response to signals from the thermistor 96 and command signals input into a control panel 106 by a user. Preferably, the fan 78 is made of a suitable plastic material, while the fan 80 and the radiation plate 88 are made of aluminum plate in order to reflect the infrared energy from the heater 84 down toward the interior of the cooking enclosure 19. It is also preferred that the motor 76 drive the fans 78 and 80 at a speed in the range of 2500 rpm, which should provide an adequate air flow from the fan 80 to create a relatively even temperature throughout the cooking enclosure 21 and to speed the cooking of food by convection to supplement the infrared cooking, without generating the high speed air motion associated with some cyclonic electric counter-top ovens. Another benefit of the relatively low speed air flow created by the fan 80 is that it helps to maintain the hot surfaces of the oven 10 in a temperature range that will tend

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to emit infrared radiation and limits the decrease in emissivity of the non-metal materials of the oven 10. It is preferred that the heating element 84 be made of an incoloy 840 material coated with a G-1500 (CRC 1500) ceramic coating having a coating thickness of $20 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$, with the main components of the coating material being SiO_2 , TiO_2 , and Al_2O_3 , with an inorganic pigment, mainly Si-O. The ceramic coating increases the emissive power of the heating element and shifts the emission spectrum to the infrared range. With this coating, the heating element 84 is capable of generating approximately 98% or more of its heat radiation in the infrared range. A sol-gel coating method is used for coating the ceramic material firmly onto the incoloy 840 material. Infrared electric heating elements of this construction have been used in the past on hair dryers, bread makers, etc. The grid 94 is preferably made of 304 stainless steel or from any suitable PTFE coated metallic material. Preferably, the upper housing is made from a suitable polycarbonate material and the lower housing and the heater housing are made from zinc plated steel or steel coated with a suitable non-stick PTFE coating.

Together, the cylindrical wall portion 68 of the lower housing 66, the heater housing 86, the radiation plate 88, the fan 80, and the heating element 84 define a heating unit 108 that extends into the cooking enclosure 21 through an opening 110 defined by the cylindrical portion 58 of the housing 18. Together, the upper housing 64

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and the mica sheet 92 define a fan chamber 111 that is thermally insulated from the interior of the cooking enclosure 21 by the mica sheet 92, the glass fiber insulator 90, the heater housing 86, the radiation plate 88, and the lower housing 66. As best seen in Figs. 3 and 5, a plurality of cooling air outlets 112 are formed in the annular flange 70 of the lower housing 66. Cut-outs 113 are provided in the mica sheet 92 to prevent interference between the outlets 112 and the mica sheet 92 and to allow a cooling air flow to pass through the mica sheet 92 to the outlets 112. Preferably, the outlets 112 are equally circumferentially spaced around the flange 70.

Together the flange 70 and the outlets 112 define a cooling manifold 114 that surrounds the opening 110 of the housing 18 and faces the surface 56 outside of the cooking enclosure 21. The cooling fan 78 actively cools the fan chamber 111 and the walls 52, 54, 56 and 58 of the housing 18 by drawing a cooling air flow through a plurality of inlet openings 116 formed in the upper housing 64 and forcing the cooling air to exit through the outlets 112, which direct the cooling air flow toward the surface 56 of the housing 18 to cool the housing 18, as indicated by arrows A.

As best seen in Fig. 6, the wall 68 and the flange 70 are spaced from the cylindrical ring 58 of the housing 18 by the tabs 74 to define a hot gas vent 118 that surrounds the heating unit 108 between the heating unit 108 and the outlets 112 to vent

-17-

hot gas, such as steam, from the inside of the cooking enclosure 21 for mixture with the cooling air flow from the air outlets 112, as shown by the arrow B.

The control boards 102 and 104 are spaced from the interior surface of the upper housing 64 by a plurality of mount supports 120 to allow the cooling air flow to pass over both sides of the control boards 102 and 104 as it circulates around the fan chamber 111 before exiting through the outlets 112, thereby enhancing the cooling of the electronics on the control boards 102 and 104.

As best seen in Fig. 7, the controller 100 is connected to the motor 76 and the heating element 84 to control the flow of electric power to the motor 76 and the heating element 84 in response to signals from the thermistor 96 and command signals input by the control panel 106 by a user. The controller is configured to selectively power the heating element at a number of power levels P from a minimum power to a maximum power. At each power increment P, the controller 100 powers the heating element when the thermistor 96 indicates that the temperature in the cooking enclosure 21 has fallen below a low temperature set point associated with the particular power level P. The controller 100 then terminates power to the heating element 84 when the temperature indicated by the thermistor 96 exceeds a high temperature set point associated with the particular power level P. The controller provides power

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continuously to the motor 76 during the heating operations regardless of the power level selected.

As best seen in Fig. 8, the controller is configured to limit the cooking time at the maximum power setting to two hours to prevent overheating of the oven 10. More specifically, after a user sets the power level P and enters the desired cook time t at block 130, it is determined at 132 whether the power has been set to the maximum power level. If the power is set to maximum, it is determined at 134 whether the desired cooking time exceeds two hours. If the desired cooking time exceeds two hours, the cooking time is automatically limited to two hours by the controller 100 at 136. If the desired cooking time is less than two hours, or if the power level P is not set to maximum, the controller is configured to run the heating element 84 and the motor 76 at the power level P and for the desired cooking time t, as shown at block 138.

After the cooking time has expired, the controller 100 is configured to terminate power to the heating element 84 and to the motor 76. However, as an optional feature, after the cooking time has expired, the controller 100 can be configured to terminate power to the heating element 84 while providing power to the motor 76 for a five minute cooling stage, as shown at 140 and 142. This may allow time for the hot gases in the cooking enclosure 21 to vent and to be cooled by the cooling air flow from

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the outlets 112, thereby preventing hot gases, such as steam from accumulating in the cooking enclosure 21 and/or the fan chamber 111 and also preventing the handles 65 from overheating.

As best seen in Fig. 9A, the protective grid 94 includes a first pair of legs 150 that are oppositely directed relative to a second pair of legs 152. As best seen in Fig. 9B, each of the legs 150, 152, is slidably received in a mating aperture 154 in the heater housing 86 to detachably mount the protective grid 94 to the heater housing 86. A fastener 156 is engaged with the heater housing 86 for movement between a first position shown in Fig. 9A where the fastener engages one of the legs 152 to restrict movement of the grid 94 relative to the heater housing 86 to prevent removal of the grid 94 from the heater housing 86, and a second position shown in Fig. 9B where the fastener is disengaged from the one leg 152 to allow removal of the grid 94 from the heater housing 86. Preferably, as seen in Fig. 9B, the fastener 156 is provided in the form of a threaded set screw that is threadably engaged with the housing 86, with the end of the set screw frictionally engaging the one leg 152 in the first position shown in Fig. 9A. In this regard, it should be noted that for the fastener to be in the second position it need not be completely removed from the housing 86 as shown in Fig. 9B, rather, the fastener 156 need only be positioned so that it is disengaged from the one leg

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152 to allow movement of the grid 94 relative to the housing 86. As best seen in Fig. 9C, with the fastener 156 in the second position, the legs 152 can be slid in the apertures 154 to allow the grid 94 to move relative to the housing 86 in the direction of the legs 152, as indicated by Arrow A, to thereby remove the legs 150 from their mating apertures 154. Once the legs 150 are removed from their mating apertures 154, the grid 94 can be tilted downward as shown by the arrow B in Fig. 9D and then the grid 94 can be moved in the direction of the legs 150, as indicated by Arrow C, to thereby remove the legs 152 from their mating apertures 154 and thus, the grid 94 from the housing 86. Removal of the grid allows for cleaning of the heating element 84, the fan 80, the reflector plate 88, and the interior of the housing 86.

As best seen in Figs. 10 and 11, in an optional embodiment of the base 12, the one or more supports 28 are provided in the form of three or more circumferentially spaced feet 28B that extend from the side wall 24 to underlie the oven pan 14, and the thermal insulators 30 are provided in the form of three or more thermal insulating spacers 30B, each supported by one of the feet 28B.

As best seen in Figs. 12 and 13, in one optional embodiment of the base 12, the one or more supports 28 is provided in the form of an annular shoulder 28C formed on the interior surface 22 of the base 12, and the one or more insulators 30 are

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provided in the form of a thermal insulating ring 30C that is supported by the shoulder
28C.

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CLAIMS

1. An electric oven for cooking food, the oven comprising:
 - 2 a cooking enclosure including an upper surface with an opening therein; and
 - 4 a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure and including
 - 6 a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure through said opening,
 - 8 a fan chamber positioned above the cooking enclosure and the heating
 - 10 unit,
 - 12 a fan mounted in the fan chamber to create a cooling air flow through the
 - 14 fan chamber,
 - a plurality of air inlets to the fan chamber to allow said cooling air flow
 - into the fan chamber, and
 - a cooling manifold surrounding said opening and facing said upper
 - surface outside of said cooking enclosure, the cooling manifold in fluid
 - communication with the fan chamber and including a plurality of air outlets
 - arranged to direct the cooling air flow from the fan chamber toward the upper
 - surface of the cooking enclosure to cool the upper surface.

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2. The electric oven of claim 1 wherein said heating unit includes an electric
infrared heating element made of incoloy 840 coated with the main components of the
coating material being SiO_2 , TiO_2 , and Al_2O_3 .

3. The electric oven of claim 1 wherein there is said heating unit is spaced
from said opening to define a hot gas vent surrounding said heating unit and located
between said heating unit and said air outlets to vent hot gas from the inside of the
cooking enclosure for mixture with said cooling air flow from said air outlets.

4. The electric oven of claim 3 wherein said electric oven further includes
a controller configured to run the fan for a predetermined cooling period after power to
the heating unit has been terminated.

5. An electric oven for cooking food, the oven comprising:
a cooking enclosure including an oven housing and a metallic oven pan having
interior and exterior surfaces and located beneath the oven housing;
a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure and including

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a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure, the heating unit including an electric
6 heating element arranged to direct heat toward the interior surface of the oven pan; and
a plastic base having an interior that surrounds the oven pan with an air gap, the
8 base including one or more supports for the oven pan and one or more thermal insulators
between the posts and the exterior surface of the oven pan to prevent overheating of the
10 base by the heat directed at the interior surface of the oven pan.

6. The electric oven of claim 5 wherein the one or more supports comprises
a plurality of support posts, and the one or more thermal insulators comprises a plurality
of thermal insulators, each insulator between one of the support posts and the exterior
surface of the pan.

7. The electric oven of claim 5 wherein the interior of the base is defined
2 by an upwardly extending side wall, the one or more supports comprises a plurality of
feet that extend from the side wall to underlie the oven pan, and the one or more thermal
4 insulators comprises a plurality of thermal insulators, with each insulator positioned
between one of the feet and the exterior surface of the oven pan.

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8. The electric oven of claim 5 wherein the one or more supports comprises
an annular shoulder on the interior of the base, and the one or more thermal insulators
comprises an annular insulating ring between the shoulder and the exterior surface of
the oven pan.

9. The electric oven of claim 5 wherein the base comprises a polycarbonate
material.

10. The electric oven of claim 5 wherein the insulators comprise a silicon
material.

11. The electric oven of claim 5 wherein the one or more supports are a
unitary part of the base.

12. An electric oven for cooking food, the oven comprising:

a base;

a cooking enclosure supported by the base, the cooking enclosure defined by an
oven housing and an oven pan located beneath the oven housing and surrounded by an

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interior of said base, the oven pan including a lip defining an outer periphery of the oven
pan, and a pair of retractable handles mounted to the lip for movement between a first
position where the handles are extended from the lip so that a user may grasp the
handles to remove the pan from the base and a second position where the handles are
retracted toward the lip to allow the oven housing to be positioned above the oven pan
without interfering with the handles; and

a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure and including a
heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure.

13. The electric oven of claim 12 wherein each of the handles has a pair of
legs extending from a grasping member, each of the legs received in a guide hole formed
in the lip to guide the handles between the first and second positions, each of the legs
terminating in a tab that engages the lip with the handle in the first position.

14. The electric oven of claim 12 wherein each of the handles comprises a
unitary piece of wire that is bent to form the grasping member, the legs, and the tabs.

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15. An electric oven for cooking food, the oven comprising;

a cooking enclosure; and

a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure and including a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure, the heating unit including a heating element for heating the cooking enclosure, the power head further including a controller configured to selectively power the heating element between a minimum power and a maximum power and to limit the cooking time at maximum power to a predetermined period to prevent overheating of the cooking enclosure.

16. An electric oven for cooking food, the oven comprising:

a cooking enclosure; and

a power head connected to the cooking enclosure and including a heating element extending into the cooking enclosure, the heating unit including:

a heater housing defining a cavity,

a heating element mounted in the cavity for heating the cooking enclosure,

a protective grid mounted to the heater housing between the heating element and the cooking enclosure, the protective grid including oppositely

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10 directed legs, each leg slidably received in a mating aperture in the heater
housing to detachably mount the protective grid to the heater housing, and

12 a fastener engaged with the heater housing for movement between a first
position where the fastener engages one of the legs to restrict movement of the
14 grid relative to the heater housing and a second position where the fastener is
disengaged from one of the legs to allow removal of the grid from the heater
16 housing.

17. An electric oven for cooking food, the oven comprising:

2 a base having an upwardly extending, continuous wall that surrounds an interior
of the base; and

4 an oven housing including a downwardly extending wall surrounding an interior
of the oven housing; an annular lip formed on the outer surface of the downwardly
6 extending wall, the annular lip engageable with the upwardly extending wall of the base
to support the oven housing on the upwardly extending wall of the base with a portion
8 of the downwardly extending wall extending below the lip and cooperating with the
upwardly extending wall to restrict the leakage of hot gases from the interiors of the base

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10 and the cooking enclosure; and a relief on said portion of the wall to ease engagement
of the oven housing with the base.

18. A counter-top electric oven for cooking food, the oven comprising:

2 a cooking enclosure including an oven housing and a metallic oven pan having
interior and exterior surfaces and located beneath the oven housing, the oven housing
including an upper surface with an opening therein, the oven pan including a lip defining
an outer periphery of the oven pan, and a pair of retractable handles mounted to the lip
for movement between a first position where the handles are extended from the lip so
that a user may grasp the handles to remove the pan from the base and a second position
where the handles are retracted toward the lip to allow the oven housing to be positioned
above the oven pan without interfering with the handles, each of the handles having a
pair of legs extending from a grasping surface, each of the legs being received in a guide
hole formed in the lip to guide the handles between the first and second positions, each
12 of the legs terminating in a tab that engages the lip with the handle in the first position;

a power head detachably connected to the cooking enclosure and including

14 a heating unit extending into the cooking enclosure through said opening, the heating
unit including an electric heating element arranged to direct heat toward the interior

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16 surface of the oven pan, the heating unit spaced from said opening to define a hot gas
vent surrounding said heating unit to vent hot gas from the inside of the cooking
18 enclosure, the power head further including

a fan chamber positioned above the cooking enclosure and the heating
20 unit,

a fan mounted in the fan chamber to create a cooling air flow through the
22 fan chamber,

a plurality of air inlets to the fan chamber to allow said cooling air flow
24 into the fan chamber, and

a cooling manifold surrounding said opening and said hot gas vent and
26 facing said upper surface outside of said cooking enclosure, the cooling manifold
in fluid communication with the fan chamber and including a plurality of air
28 outlets arranged to direct the cooling air flow from the fan chamber toward the
upper surface of the cooking enclosure to cool the upper surface and to mix with
30 said hot gas from said hot gas vent; and

a plastic base having an interior that surrounds the oven pan with an air gap, the
32 base including a plurality of support posts to support the oven pan and a plurality of



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thermal insulators between the posts and the exterior surface of the oven pan to prevent
overheating of the base by the heat directed at the interior surface of the oven pan.

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| | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 | 2033 | 2034 | 2035 | 2036 | 2037 | 2038 | 2039 | 2040 | 2041 | 2042 | 2043 | 2044 | 2045 | 2046 | 2047 | 2048 | 2049 | 2050 | 2051 | 2052 | 2053 | 2054 | 2055 | 2056 | 2057 | 2058 | 2059 | 2060 | 2061 | 2062 | 2063 | 2064 | 2065 | 2066 | 2067 | 2068 | 2069 | 2070 | 2071 | 2072 | 2073 | 2074 | 2075 | 2076 | 2077 | 2078 | 2079 | 2080 | 2081 | 2082 | 2083 | 2084 | 2085 | 2086 | 2087 | 2088 | 2089 | 2090 | 2091 | 2092 | 2093 | 2094 | 2095 | 2096 | 2097 | 2098 | 2099 | 2100 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
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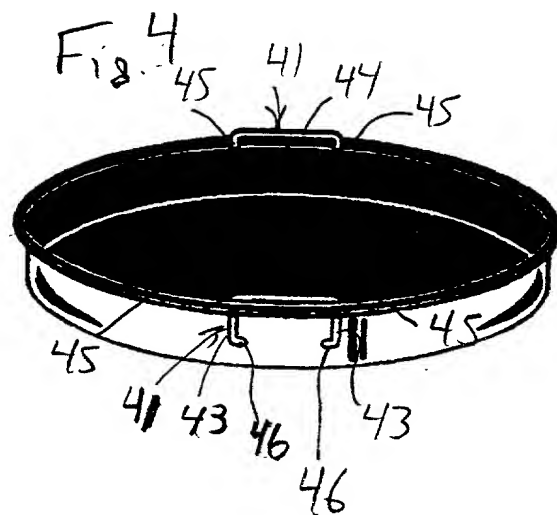
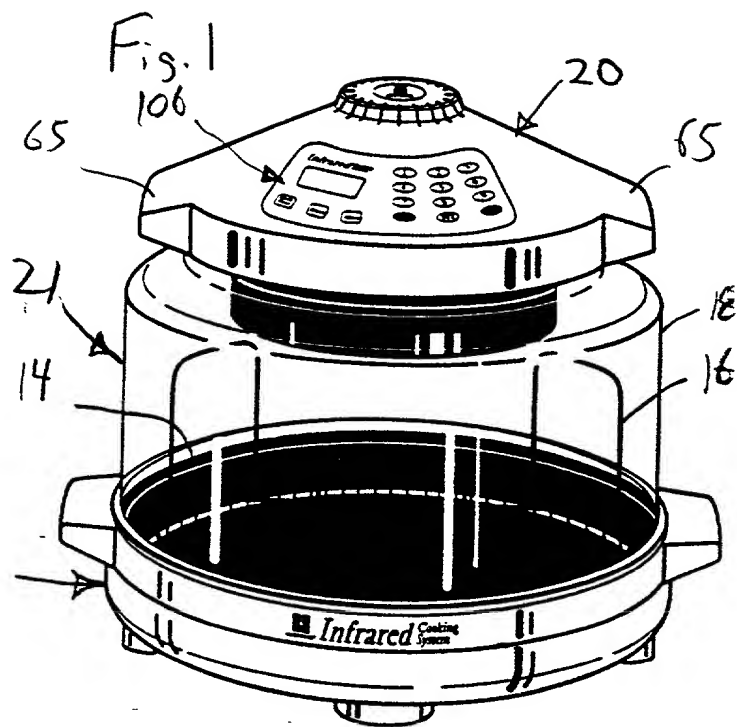
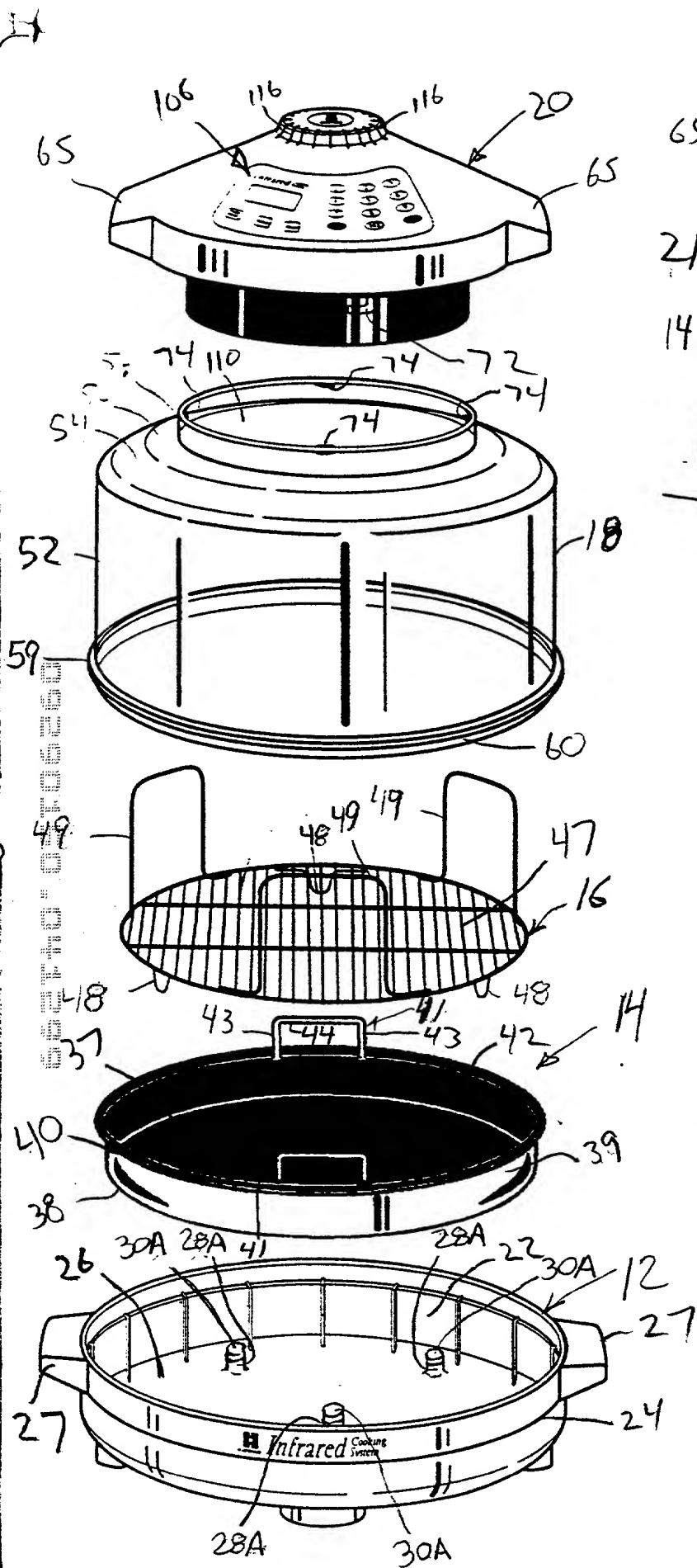


Fig. 3

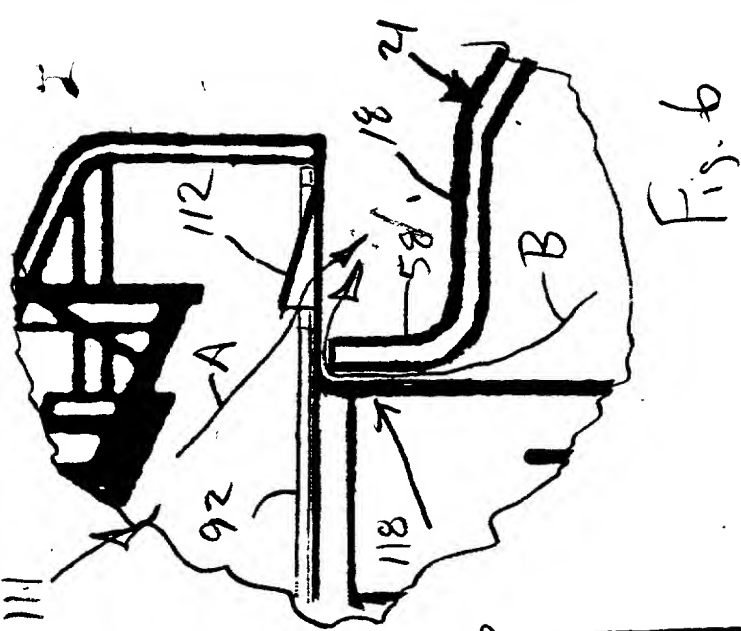
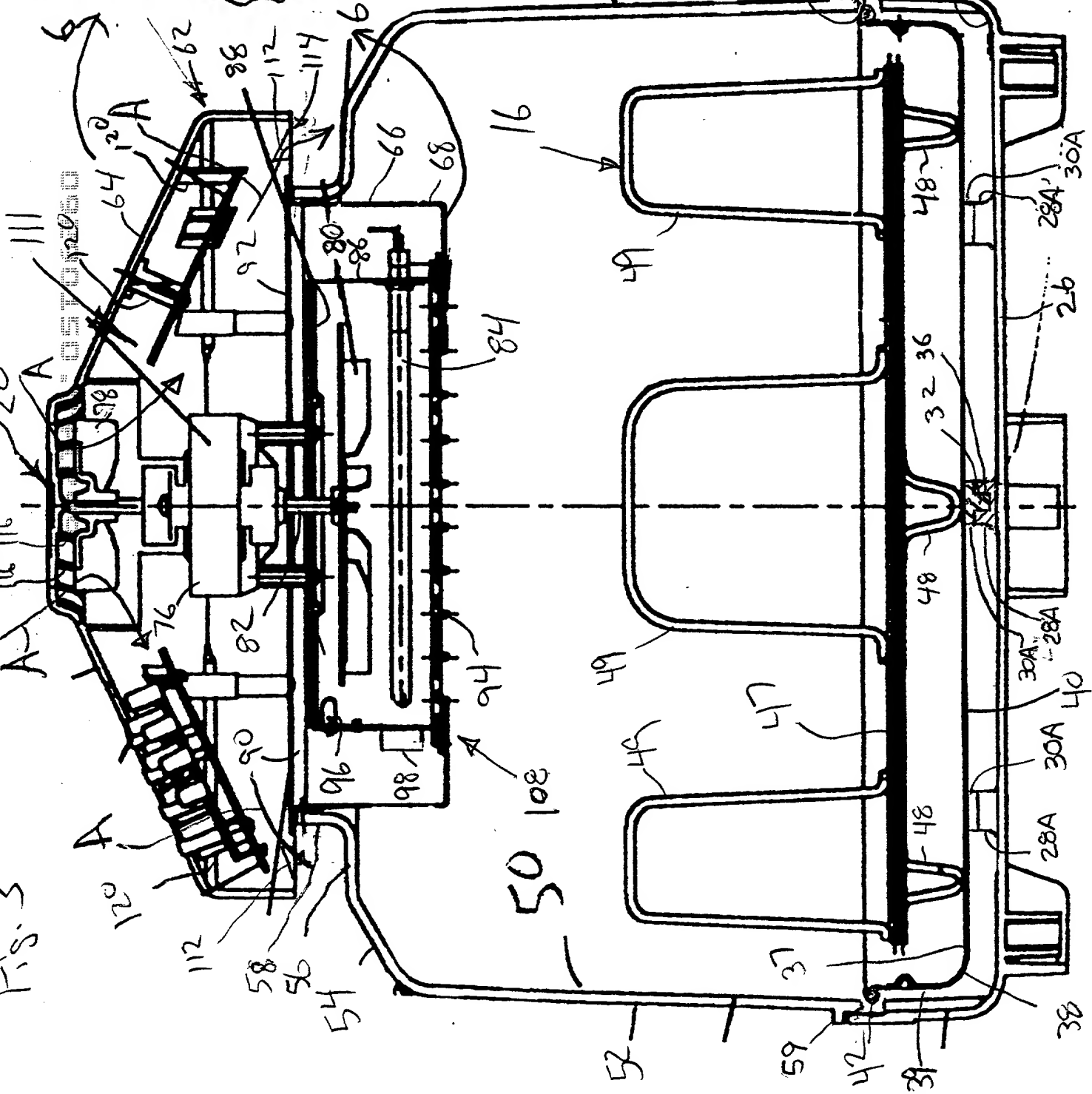


Fig. 6

Fig. 3A

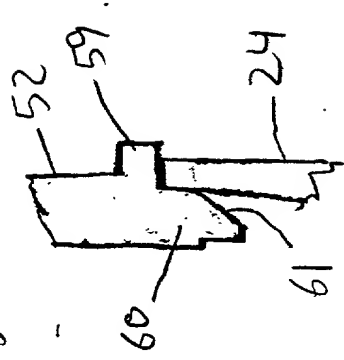


Fig. 5

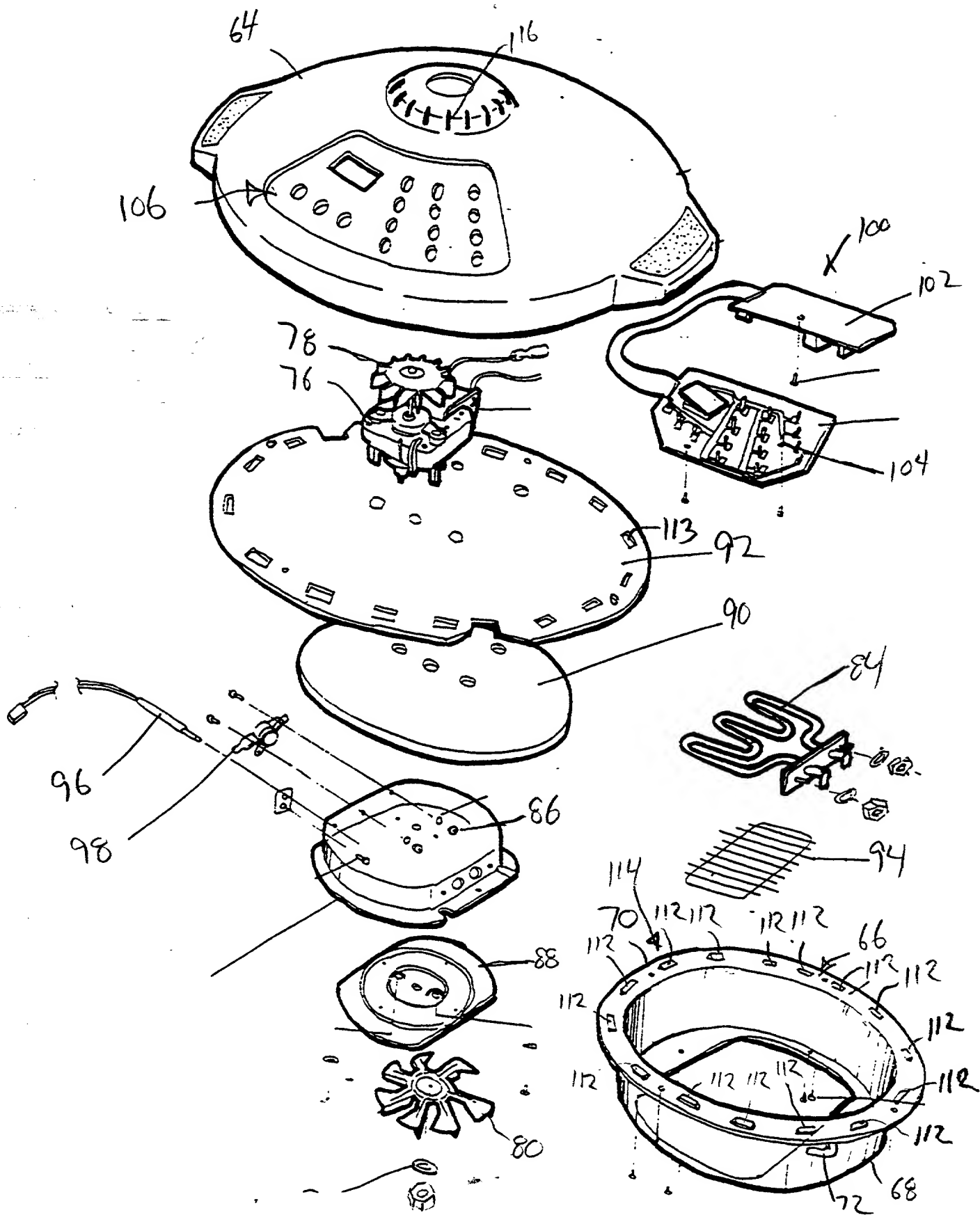


Fig. 7

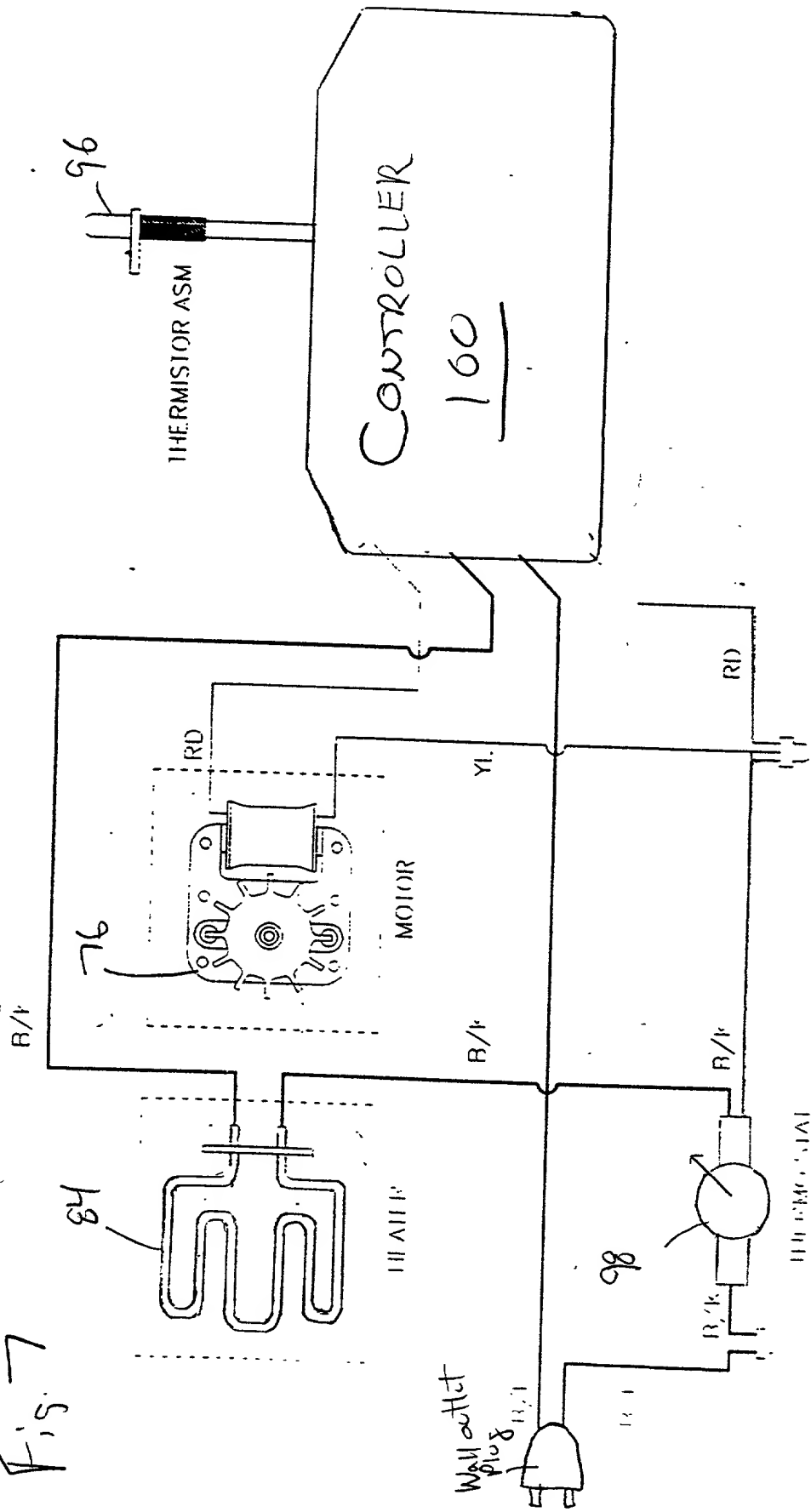


Fig 8

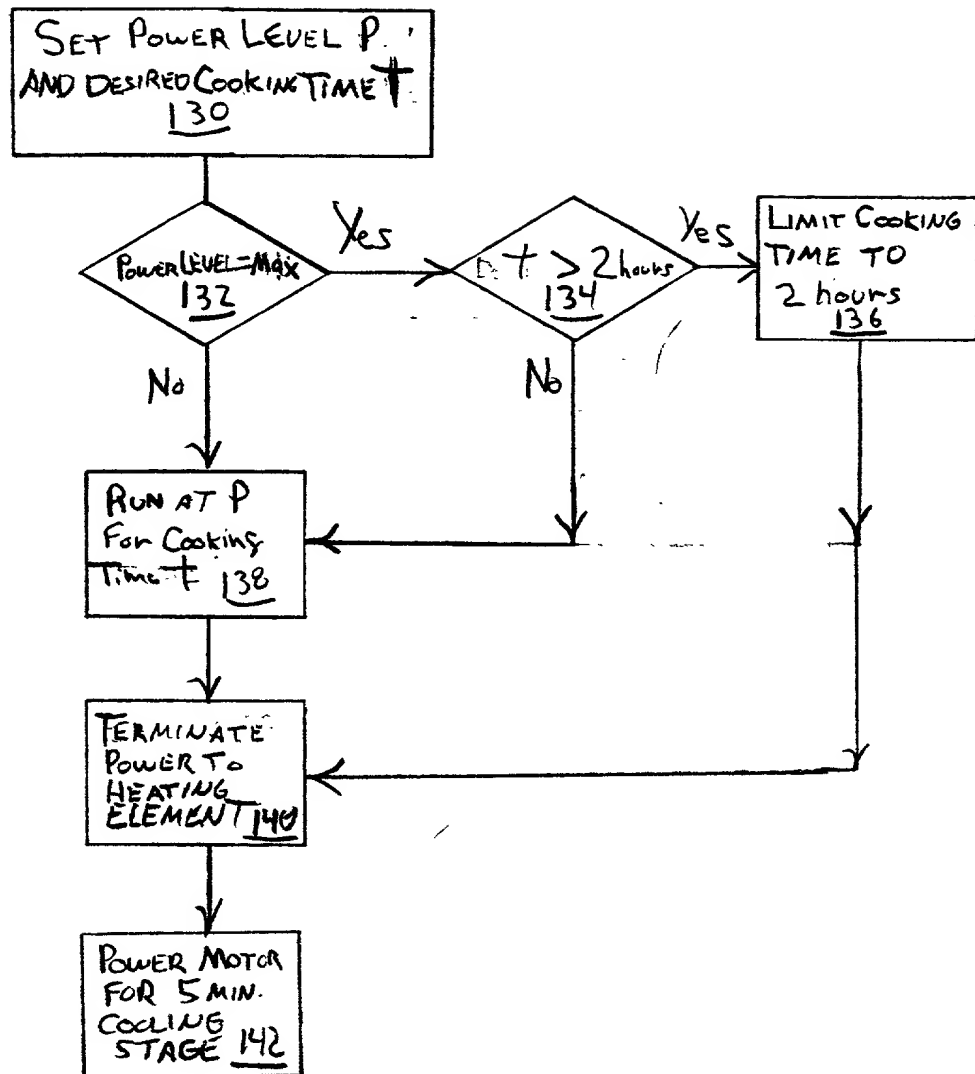


Fig. 9A

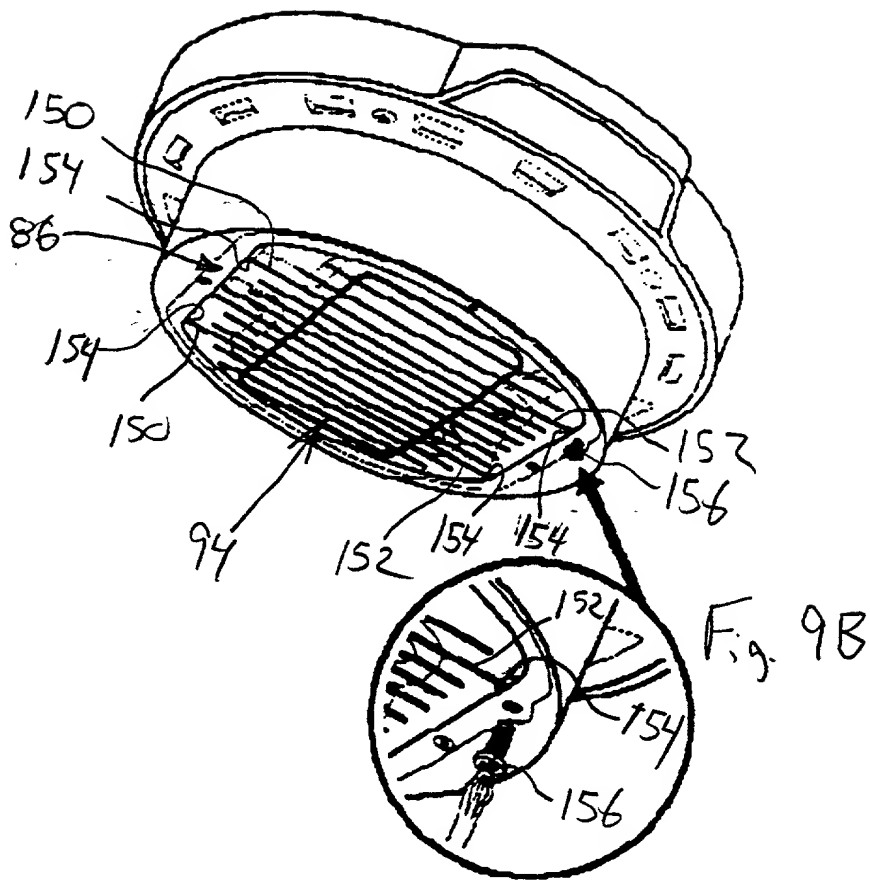


Fig. 9C

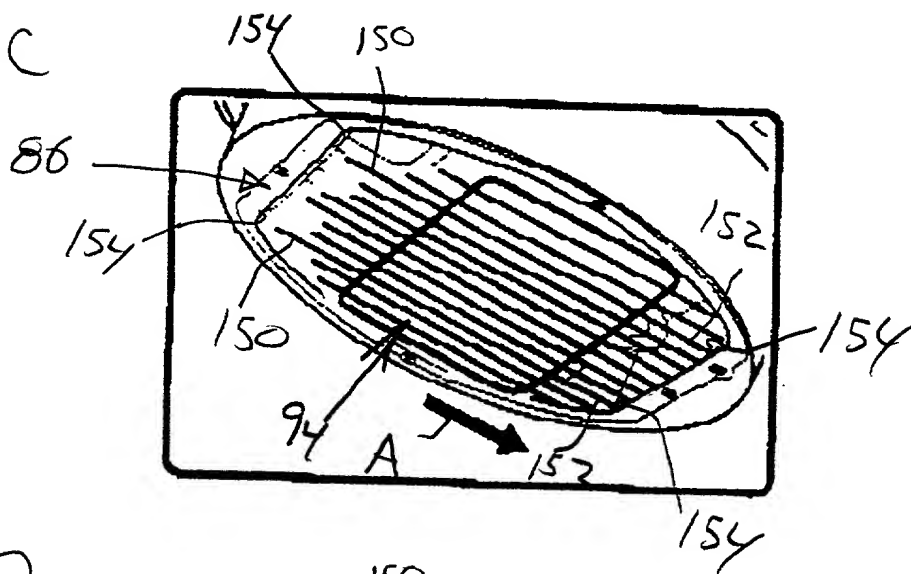


Fig. 9D

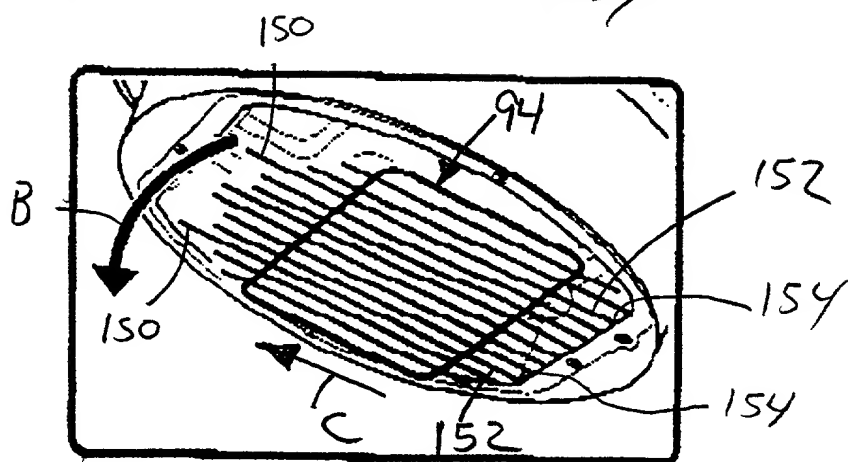


Fig. 10

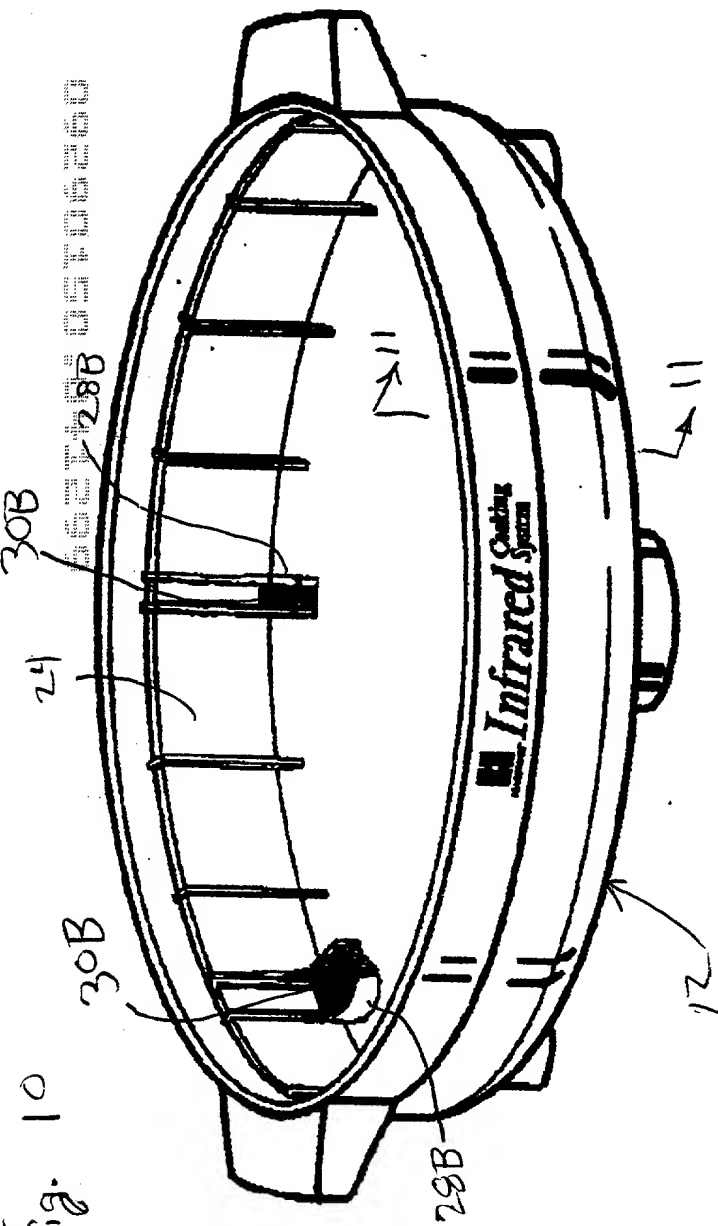


Fig. 11

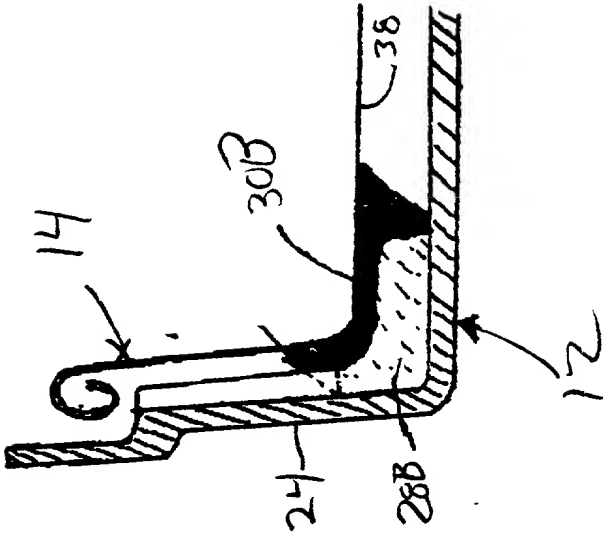


Fig. 12

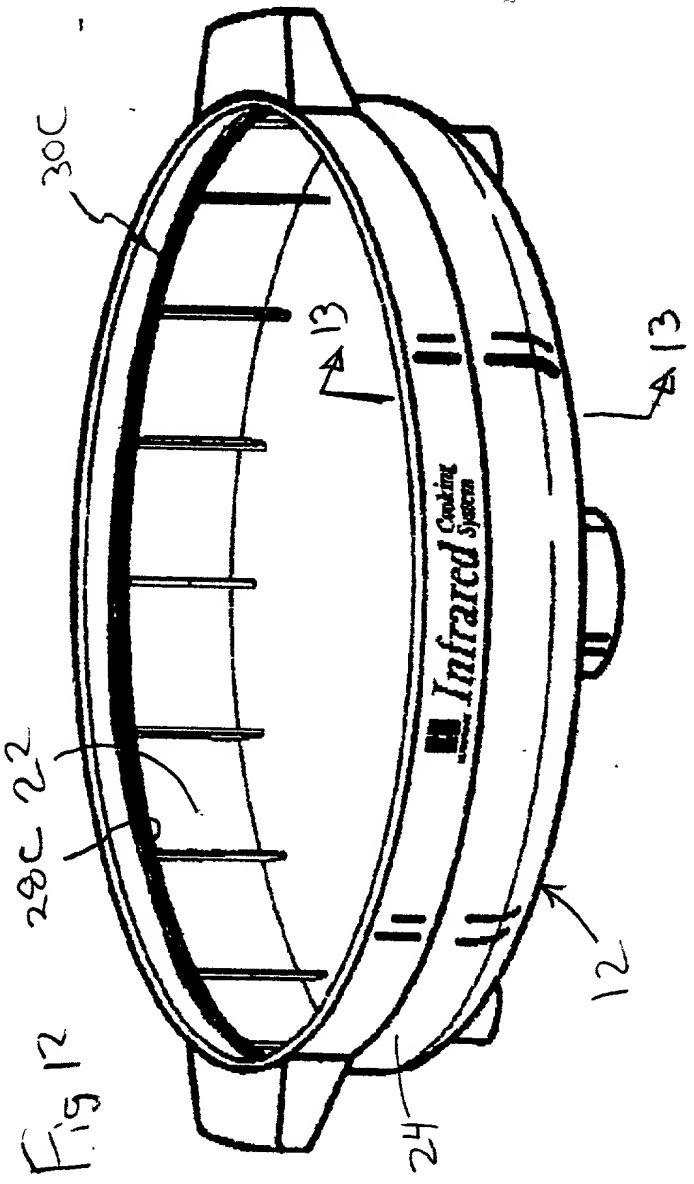
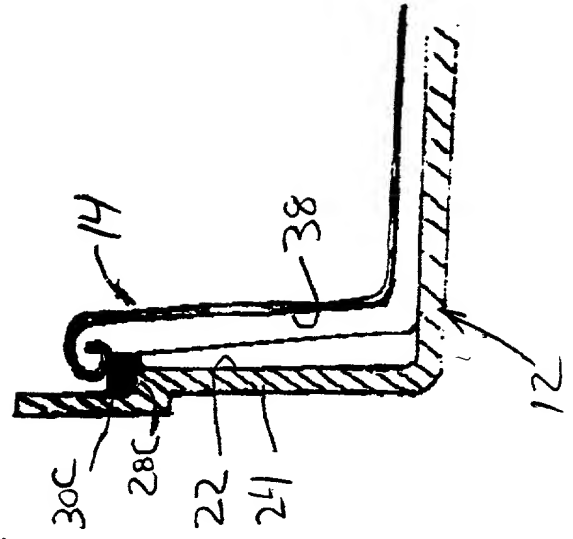


Fig. 13



DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that

I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: COUNTER-TOP ELECTRIC COOKER
the specification of which:

☒ is attached hereto. ☐ was filed on _____
as Application Serial No. _____
and was amended on _____
(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above, and that I believe the named inventor(s) to be the original and first inventor(s) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought, and hereby acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of the application in accordance with § 1.56 (reprinted on the back) of Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

I also hereby state that no patent applications on this invention have previously been filed in countries foreign to the United States of America, except as follows:

| COUNTRY | APPLICATION NUMBER | DATE FILED (day, month, year) | PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119 | |
|---------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|----|
| | | | yes | no |
| | | | yes | no |
| | | | yes | no |

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

| | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| (Application Serial No.) | (Filing Date) | (Status: patented, pending, abandoned) |
| (Application Serial No.) | (Filing Date) | (Status: patented, pending, abandoned) |

I hereby appoint Richard S. Phillips (Reg. No. 17,314), Wm. A. VanSanten (Reg. No. 22,810), Jeffrey L. Clark (Reg. No. 29,141), John S. Mortimer (Reg. No. 30,407), F. William McLaughlin (Reg. No. 32,273), and Dean A. Monco (Reg. No. 30,091), each registered to practice before the United States Patent and Trademark Office and practicing as the firm of **WOOD, PHILLIPS, VAN SANTEN, CLARK & MORTIMER, 500 WEST MADISON STREET, SUITE 3800, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60661 (Telephone 312-876-1800)**, my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application, to make alterations or amendments therein, to receive the patent and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and direct that all correspondence be addressed to the firm. All telephone inquiries may be directed to:

Wm. A. VanSanten

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Full name of sole or first Joint Inventor Jung S. Moon Citizenship Korea
Inventor's Signature [Signature] Date 4-9-99
Residence 421 Foxford Drive, Buffalo Grove, IL 60089
Post Office Address c/o Hearthware Home Products, Inc.
602 Wheeling Road, Wheeling, IL 60090

Full name of second Joint Inventor, if any Rong Liu Citizenship Peoples Republic of China
Inventor's Signature [Signature] Date 4/9/99
Residence 374 Inland Drive, Apt. 3A, Wheeling, IL 60091
Post Office Address c/o Hearthware Home Products, Inc.
602 Wheeling Road, Wheeling, IL 60090

Full name of third Joint Inventor, if any Alan R. Kelley Citizenship U.S.A.
Inventor's Signature [Signature] Date 4/9/99
Residence 421 E. Oakwood Drive, Barrington, IL 60010
Post Office Address c/o Hearthware Home Products, Inc.
602 Wheeling Road, Wheeling, IL 60090

Full name of fourth Joint Inventor, if any _____ Citizenship _____
Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____
Residence _____
Post Office Address _____

Full name of fifth Joint Inventor, if any _____ Citizenship _____
Inventor's Signature _____ Date _____
Residence _____
Post Office Address _____